Student should successfully complete 40 Credits courses for specialty diploma and additional 6 Credits Thesis to fulfill the Master’s Degree in Pedodontics

General Courses

**ANAT 651-General Anatomy and Embryology**
(1Cr: 1Lec, 2Prac)

**Anatomy:** Cardiovascular system; Respiratory system; Skull, mandible & cervical vertebrae; Scalp and face; Cranial cavity (fossae, folds, venous sinuses & pituitary gland); Orbit; Parotid Region; Temporal & Infratemporal Region; Pterygo-palatine fossa; T.M.J.; Nasal cavity; Mouth cavity (lips & cheeks, gum & teeth, tongue and palate); Ear and facial nerve; Posterior triangle of the neck; Anterior triangle subdivisions; Submandibular Region; Thyroid gland; Blood vessels of the neck; Cranial nerves in the neck; Fasciae of the neck; Pharynx; Larynx; Pathway of exteroceptive sensations from the face & teeth to the cerebral cortex; Pathway of taste sensation to the cerebral cortex.

**Embryology:** Fertilization; Cleavage; Implantation; Formation of the 3 germ layers & their derivatives; Pharyngeal arches & derivatives; Pharyngeal pouches & fate; Branchial sinus, cyst & fistula; Development of face; Development of palate; Development of tongue; Development of thyroid gland; Development of pituitary gland; Development of salivary glands.

**BIOM 602-Basic Biomaterials Science**
(1Cr: 1Lec, 0Prac)


**BIOM 611-Advanced Biomaterials V**
(1Cr: 1Lec, 0Prac)

Impression materials, dental amalgams, dental cements, composite resins, pulp capping materials, stainless steel, sealants, model and die materials.

**COMD 602-Biostatistics & Research Methodology**
(1Cr: 1Lec, 0Prac)

Introduction to the course, definitions, Characteristics of data and Collection of data, Sampling (Types of sample, Methods of sample), Essentials for research design (Types of research study, Components of research protocol), Tabular and graphical Presentation of data (Frequency distribution tables, Contingency tables, Bar-chart, Histogram, Frequency polygon and pie-chart), Mathematical presentation of data: Measures of central tendency: Mean, Median, Mode; Measures of variation: Range, Standard deviation, Standard of error, CO-variance, Normal distribution Curve, Hypotheses Formulation, Tests of Hypotheses and significance (Parametric tests): Z test, “t” tests, Correlation test r-test, Analysis of variance F-test, Chi- square test. Non-Parametric tests.
**COMD 603-Community Dentistry**  
(1Cr: 1Lec, 0Prac)

Fluoride: Occurrence in environment, metabolism, acquisition of fluoride by teeth, excretion, mechanism of action, toxicology fluoride, method of providing fluoride (systemic and topical).  
Fissure sealant and preventive resin restorations, indications contraindications, application, failures.  

**MICR 651-Microbiology, Immunology & Molecular Biology**  
(1Cr: 1Lec, 2Prac)

**Microbiology:** Prokaryotes and eukaryotes; Structure of bacterial cell; Biological requirements for bacterial growth; Bacterial growth: growth curve, kinetic of growth, continuous growth and synchronous growth; Bacterial products: pigments, toxins and enzymes; Genetic elements: Chromosomal and non-chromosomal elements; Mode of transferring genetic elements; Mutation; General properties, structure, classification, replication, cultivation and detection.  
**Immunology:** Types of immunity; Immune response; Antigen and antibody; Surface markers on cells of immune system; Immune deficiency diseases; Hypersensitivity and autoimmunity; Serological techniques.

**OPTH 603-Advanced Oral Pathology**  
(2Cr: 2Lec, 2Prac)

Introduction to oral pathology; Developmental anomalies of teeth; Dental caries; Pulp diseases; Periapical pathologic conditions; Osteomyelitis; Cysts of oral and para oral region; Bone diseases; Salivary gland diseases; Developmental abnormalities of oral and para oral tissues; Viral, bacterial and mycotic diseases. Classification, etiology and pathogenesis, microbiologic factors, clinical features and differential diagnosis. Microscopic features and management. Oral ulceration and vesiculo bollous lesions; Oral manifestations of AIDS; Metabolic and endocrinal disturbances; White lesions; Precancerous conditions and lesions; Etiology of oral cancer and Oncogenes; Salivary gland tumors; Odontogenic tumors; Non-Neoplastic inflammatory overgrowth of the oral mucosa; Non-Odontogenic epithelial tumors; Non-Odontogenic Mesenchymal tumors; Pigmented oral lesions; Muscle tumors; Malignant lymphomas and leukemia; Nerve tissue tumors, classification, clinical and microscopic features; Undifferentiated head and neck tumors; Oro-facial pain; Arterio-Venous Malformations; Diseases of TMJ; Forensic problems and oral pathology.

**ORBL 601-Oral Biology**  
(2Cr: 2Lec, 2Prac)

Development and growth of the teeth; Enamel; Dentin; Pulp; Cementum; Periodontal ligament; Embryology; Maxilla and mandible; Oral Mucosa; Salivary Glands; Bone and alveolar process; Eruption and shedding; Temporo-mandibular joint; Maxillary sinus & lymph drainage; Wound healing, repair & regeneration; Physiologic tooth forms protecting the periodontium; Dental and Para dental Tissues; Advanced Oral Biology.

**PHYL 651-Advanced General Physiology**  
(1Cr: 1Lec, 0Prac)

Blood; Digestive system; Autonomic Nervous System; Excitable Tissues; Endocrine System; Renal system; Cardiovascular system; Central nervous system; Renal system; Respiratory System.
Specialty Courses

**PEDI 601-Pediatric Dentistry I**  
(3Cr: 2Lec, 1Prac)


**PEDI 602-Pediatric Dentistry II**  
(5Cr: 2Lec, 3Prac)

Space maintainer: definition, indications and contra indications, requirements, diagnostic guidelines, factors considered before planning for space maintainer, arch length analysis, classification, advantages and disadvantages, types and its modifications, care of appliances, appliances to regain space. Interceptive orthodontics: definition: Oral habits: effects, types (digital sucking, lip habits, mouth breathing, tongue thrust, clenching, postural habit) and treatment. Class I crowding treatment, Problems in mixed dentition: over retained primary teeth, delay eruption, ankylosis, ectopic eruption, supernumerary teeth. Cross- bite: Definition, types, classification, treatment. Diagnosis and correction of minor irregularities in the developing dentition.

**PEDI 603-Pediatric Dentistry III**  
(6Cr: 3Lec, 3Prac)

Gingival and periodontal diseases: types of gingivitis, Early onset periodontitis, premature bone loss primary teeth. Pulp therapy for primary and young permanent teeth; diagnostic considerations, pulp treatment procedures (indirect, direct pulp capping, pulpotomy, partial pulpectomy, partial pulpectomy, apexification, root canal filling ) indications, contraindications, failures. Traumatic injuries: Epidemiology, etiology, Ellis and modified Ellis classification, diagnosis, treatment of fractured teeth ( fragment restoration, stainless steel crown, composite, pulp therapy in involved pulp), and luxation injuries (concussion, subluxation, intrusion, extrusion, lateral luxation and avulsion ), sequelae to dental trauma.
PEDI 604-Pediatric Dentistry IV  
(6Cr: 3Lec, 3Prac)


PEDT 602-General Pediatric  
(1 Cr: 1Lec, 0Prac)

A condensed course for pedodontistry main learning objectives to be fulfilled at the end of the course for the student to recognize the main topics of pediatrics as growth and development, check for Anthropometric measures, teething and its abnormalities nutrition and nutritional abnormalities, infectors disease and differential diagnosis salivary gland problems in children and cartly changes in size and shape of the head and pathological conditions associates with these abnormalities.

PEDI 696- Seminars in Pediatric Dentistry  
(2Cr: 2Lec, 0Prac)

Seminars in recent topics in pediatric dentistry.

Elective Courses  
(6 Cr: 6 Lec, 0 Prac)

Could be selected from different dental specialties.